National Vocational Certificate Level 1 in Electrical-Electronic Assembly

CBT Curriculum





National Vocational & Technical Training Commission

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1. Introduction

Todays 'World of Work' has undergone radical changes. The emergence of new technologies, global markets for products and services, and international competition require economies to upgrade and enhance the skill level of their human resources. Technical and Vocational Education and Training (TVET) systems all over the world are constantly challenged by this question of how to respond to the demand of a knowledge-based economy. As TVET systems and their training programmes directly relate to the world of work in terms of quantity and quality output, the approach of TVET programmes need to focus on the acquisition of technical and non-technical skills, also referred to employability skills.

With the release of the National Skills Strategy 2009-2013 the Pakistan government has made skills development a political priority. The framework for skills development aims to:

- > Change TVET education from time-bound, curriculum-based training to flexible, competency-based training;
- Bring about a shift from supply-led training to demand-driven (outcome-based) skills development by promoting the role of industry in designing and delivering TVET.

The curriculum for *Electrical & Electronic Assembler (Helper) – Level 1* aims to respond to this demand. Ithas beendeveloped asan outcome-based course designed to teach the employability skills needed to succeed in a high-performance work environment, as defined by labour market requirements. Although occupation specific, this course seamlessly articulates with advanced training programmes on NVQF level 2, such as *Building Electrician (Assistant), Electro Machine Installer& Repairer (Assistant), Electricial Equipment Installer& Repairer (Assistant), andIndustrial Electrician(Assistant).*

1.1 Overall course objective

The overall objective of this introductory courseis to teach trainees transferable skills necessary to succeed in the ever-changing workplace through teamwork, problem-solving, communication, self-management, and career readiness. Trainees will enhance soft skills, basic workplace skills, interpersonal skills, communication skills, and leadership skills while becoming career-ready.

1.2 Course competencies

Curriculum modules (training input) are clusters of competenciesexpressed inlearning units, learning outcomes, and learning elements. After successful completion of the two curriculum modules of this course, the traineehas gained a range of competencies required to proceed in the world of work. The competencies stated in table 1 reflect industry requirements expressed in competency standards (training output).

Table 1: Relationship of curriculum modules with competency standards

| Curriculum Modules (training input) | Competency Standards (training output) |
|--|--|
| Module 1: Workshop introduction LU-1: Maintain health and safety LU-2: Carry out basic maintenance LU-3: Demonstrate positive workplace attitude and behaviours | Maintain health, safety and cleanliness Carry out maintenance procedures as Electrical & Electronic Assembler (Helper) Apply a problem solving method Demonstrate positive workplace attitude and behaviours |
| Module 2: Workshop communication LU-1: Communicate in the workplace LU-2: Complete work documents LU-3: Apply basic numeracy LU-4: Develop personal career portfolio | Communicate in different work contexts Apply basic reading, writing and speaking skills in different life contexts Apply basic numeracy skills in different life contexts Produce a plan for career options related to a Electrical & Electronic Assembler (Helper) |

1.3 Job opportunities

The level 1 training course related to *Electrical & Electronic Assembler (Helper)* transfers work-readiness skills (employability skills) and articulates with a number of level 2 training programmes in Electrical Engineering.Based on the design and flexible approach qualified trainees will find opportunities a number of specialised areas to work as a 'Helper', such as *Building Electrician (Helper), Electro Machine Installer & Repairer (Helper), Electrical Equipment Installer & Repairer (Helper), and Industrial Electrician (Helper).*

After completion of the level 2 training programme qualifiedtrainees can further progress and embark on a career in the field of Electrical Engineering, providing job opportunities as Technician, Foreman, Manager, Owner or Electrical Engineer in government, semi-government or private enterprises. Experienced Electricians may advance through promotions with the same employer or by moving to more advanced positions with other employers.

1.4 Trainee entry level

Individuals who wish to enter this course of study have to comply against the following criteria:

- Grade 8 (Middle) or equivalent;
- > Comfort level of English language and mathematics;
- > Satisfactory completion of appropriate admission assessment test.

1.5 Trainer requirements

Trainers who wish to offer this programme should meet one of the following requirements:

- > B.Sc. Engg. and 1 year of relevant experience; or
- B-Tech and 2 years of relevant experience; or
- > Diploma Associate Engineer (DAE) and 3 years relevant experience; or
- > Certificate as Electrical & Electronic Assembler with 5 years relevant experience

Trainers offering this programme must be computer literate and be conversant with the delivery of competency-based education and training (CBET). All legislative requirements applicable to carry out training and assessment, if any, must be complied with.

1.6 Teaching strategies in a competency-based environment

Training in a competency-based environment differs from the traditional method of training delivery. It is based on defined competency standards, which are industry oriented.

The traditional role of a trainer changes and shifts towards the facilitation of training. A facilitator in CBETencourages and assists trainees to learn for themselves. Trainees are likely to work in groups (pairs)and all doing something different. Some are doing practical tasks in the workshop, some writing, some not even in the classroom or workshop but in another part of the building using specialist equipment, working on computers doing research on the Internet or the library. As trainees learn at different pace they might well be at different stages in their learning, thus learning must betailored to suit individual needs.

The following facilitation methods (teaching strategies) are generally employed in CBET programmes:

- Direct Instruction Method: This might beeffective when introducing a new topic to a larger group of trainees in a relative short amount of time. In most cases this method relies on one-way communication, hence there are limited opportunities to get feedback on the trainee's understanding.
- Discussion Method: This allows trainees to actively participate in sharing knowledge and ideas. It will help the trainer to determine whether trainees understand the content of the topic. On the other hand, there is a possibility ofstraying offtopic under discussion and some trainees dominating otherson their views.
- Small Group Method: Pairing trainees to help and learn from each other often results in faster knowledge/skill transfer than with the whole class. The physical arrangement of the classroom/workshop and individual assessment may be challenging.
- Problem Solving Method: This is avery popular teaching strategy for CBET. Trainees are challenged and are usually highly motivated when they gain new knowledge and skills by solvingproblems (Contingency skills). Trainees develop critical thinking skills and the ability to adapt to new learning situations (Transfer skills). It might be time consuming and because trainees sometimes work individually, they may not learn all the things that they are expected to learn.
- Research Method: This is used for workshops and laboratory tasks, field experiments, and case studies. It encourages trainees to investigate and find answers for themselves and to critically evaluate information. It however requires a lot of time and careful planning of research projects for the trainee.

1.7 Medium of instruction

Instructions will be provided in Urdu, local languages and/or English.

1.8 Sequence and delivery of the modules

The curriculum for *Electrical & Electronic Assembler (Helper) – NVQF level 1*, consists of two (2) modules and should be delivered in the following sequence:

Module 1:Workplace introduction

Learning units within this module can be delivered interchangeably as stand-alone modules or in a holistic approach

Module 2:Workplace communication

Learning units within this module can be delivered interchangeably as stand-alone modules or in a holistic approach

All theoretical content related to the modules should be delivered, where possible, in an applied settingrelated to the *Electrical & Electronic Assembler (Helper)* work environment.

2. **Overview about the programme:**

Curriculum for Electrical & Electronic Assembler (Helper) – NVQF Level 1

| Module Title and Aim | Learning Units | Theory ¹ hours | Workplace ² hours | Timeframe of modules |
|---|--|------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------|
| Module 1: Workplace introduction | | | | |
| Aim: | LU-1: | | | |
| To provide trainees with the knowledge | Maintain health and safety | | | |
| and skills to carry out safely basic | LU-2: | 65 | 95 | 160 |
| maintenance work asElectrical & Electronic Assembler (Helper) | Carry out basic maintenance | 05 | 33 | |
| | LU-3: | | | |
| | Demonstrate positive workplace attitude and behaviours | | | |
| Module 2: Workplace communication | | | | |
| Aim: | LU-1: | | | |
| To provide trainees with the knowledge | Communicate in the workplace | | | |
| and skills to effectively communicate | LU-2: | | | |
| verbally and non-verbally in aElectrical & Electronic Assembler (Helper) work | Complete work documents | 115 | 55 | 170 |
| environment | LU-3: | | | ĺ |
| | Apply basic numeracy | | | |
| | LU-4: | | | |
| | Develop personal career portfolio | | | |

¹Learning hours in training provider premises ²Training workshop, laboratory and on-the-job workplace

3. Electrical & Electronic Assembler (Helper)Curriculum Contents

| Module 1: | Workplace introduction | | | | | | |
|---|--|---|--|--|-------------------|--|--|
| Objective of the Module: | industry standards and/or Maintain health and Carry out maintena Apply a problem so | On completion of this module the trainee will be able to demonstrate the following competencies according to ndustry standards and/or requirements: Maintain health and safety Carry out maintenance procedures as part of Electrical & Electronic Assembler (Helper) Apply a problem solving method Demonstrate positive workplace attitude and behaviours | | | | | |
| Duration: | Total: 160 hours | Theory: | 65 hours | Practice: | 95 hours | | |
| Learning Unit | Learning Outcomes | Learning Elements | Duration(Hours) | Materials Required | Learning Place | | |
| LU-1: Maintain health | ealth 1.1 Define the term Definition 'hazard' • Hazard | Total 60 | Fire extinguisherFire blanket | ClassroomWorkplace | | | |
| and safety | 1.2 Identify the different types of hazards | Acute hazardsChronic hazards | Theory 20 | Fire bucket Safety signage Personal protective equipment and clothing (Clothing Overall Steel cap boots High visibility vest Jacket Rubber insulated gloves Equipment Safety goggles Safety hat Ear muffs/plugs) | | | |
| This learning unit addresses competency standard(s): FL-001 – A1/2/3/4* FL-009 – A3* | 1.3 Describe the different ways of controlling hazards | Elimination Substitution Enclosure or isolation Work practices Training and education Administrative controls | Practical 40 | | | | |
| * In absence of a national coding system for competency standards, internal | 1.4 Describe the procedures for reporting hazards | Procedures for reporting hazards | | | | | |
| training provider codes are being used | 1.5 Define the term 'personal protective equipment and clothing' | DefinitionPersonal protective equipment and clothing | | | | | |

| | | Teaching aids | |
|--|--|-----------------------------------|--|
| | | Flip charts | |
| | | Computer | |
| | | (preferably with | |
| | | internet access) | |
| | | , | |

| 1 | .6 Identify different types of personal protective clothing and equipment, their use and storage | Clothing • Overall • Steel cap boots • High visibility vest • Jacket • Rubber insulated gloves Equipment • Safety goggles • Safety hat • Ear muffs/plugs Use and storage | | _ |
|---|---|--|---|---|
| 1 | .7 Define the term 'emergency' and 'evacuation' | Definition Emergency Definition Evacuation | _ | |
| 1 | .8 Identify emergency situations | Accidents Fire Electric shock Flood Earthquake Chemical spill | | |
| 1 | .9 Demonstrate procedures for dealing with emergency situations | Roles and responsibilities Safety officer Supervisor | | |
| 1 | .10 Demonstrate evacuation procedures | Worker Procedures | | |

| 1.11 List fire prevention methods | Good House keepingTraining |
|---|---|
| 1.12 Describe the different classes of fire | Class A – wood, paper or cloth Class B – liquids Class C – gas Class E - electrical |
| 1.13 Identify different types of fire fighting equipment | Fire blanketFire extinguisher |
| 1.14 Demonstrate use of fire fighting equipment | Procedures for using fire fighting equipment |
| 1.15 Describe the key features of safety signs and symbols | ShapeColourGraphics |
| 1.16 Explain the meaning of safety signs and symbols | Hazard identification Facility or location signs Site safety Directional Traffic Warning signs and symbols |
| 1.17 Describe the importance of cleanliness | Personal hygieneWorkplace cleanliness |
| 1.18 Demonstrate procedures for handling and storing items and materials | Procedures for handling and storing |

| LU-2: Carry out basic maintenance | 2.1 Define the terms 'preventive' and 'corrective maintenance' | DefinitionPreventive maintenanceCorrective maintenance | Total 60 Theory | Hand tools Tools and materials for cleaning, | Classroom Workplace |
|--|--|--|---------------------------|--|--|
| This learning unit addresses competency standard(s): $FL-003 - A1/2/3^*$ $FL-008 - A1/2^*$ | 2.2 Describe benefits of preventive maintenance | Benefits may include: • Safety • Efficiency • Time- and cost saving | 15 Practical 45 | lubricating, sharpening, oiling, and insulating • Labels • Storage facilities | |
| * In absence of a national coding system for competency standards, internal training provider codes are being used | 2.3 Identify hazards associated with preventive maintenance | Hazards may include but are not limited to: • Cuts • Burns • Electric shocks • Fire • Explosion | | Examples of workplace documentation Safety signage Personal protective equipment and clothing Teaching aids | |
| | 2.4 Demonstrate procedures for conducting basic checks on tools and e Labeling of functional and non-functional tools and equipment equipment | Flip charts | | | |
| | | Cleaning and lubricatingSharpeningOiling | | | |
| | 2.6 Demonstrate procedures for storing tools and equipment | Inventory of tools and equipment Proper storage of tools and equipment Documentation of maintenance procedures | | | |

| 2.7 Demonstrate problem solving procedures as Electrical & Electronic Assembler (Helper)related to preventive maintenance | Apply the Bransford IDEAL model (problem solving) Identify the problem Define the problem through thinking about it and sorting out the relevant information Explore solutions through looking at alternatives, and checking out different points of view Act on strategies Look back and evaluate the effects of your capacity | | |
|---|--|--|--|
|---|--|--|--|

| LU-3: Demonstrate | 3.1 Define the term 'work ethic' | Definition • Work ethic | Total 40 | Teaching aidsFlip chartsComputer | Classroom |
|--|---|---|-----------------------------|--|-----------|
| positive workplace attitude and behaviours This learning unit addresses competency standard(s): FL-007 – A1/2/3* * In absence of a national coding system for competency standards, internal training provider codes are being used | 3.2 Describe factors that demonstrate strong work ethic | Work ethic factors Integrity Confidentiality Sense of responsibility Time management Emphasis on quality Commitment to work Discipline Patience and tolerance Sense of teamwork Meeting goals as a team Customer service Communication Attire Influencing factors, such as: Anger Stress Depression Ways to assess own professional behaviour | Theory 30 Practical10 | (preferably with internet access) | |

| Module 2: | Workplace communication | | | | | | |
|--|---|--|------------------------------|--|-------------------------|--|--|
| Objective of the Module: | On completion of this module the trainee will be able to demonstrate the following competencies according to industry standards and/or requirements: Communicate in different work contexts Apply basic reading, writing and speaking skills in English in different life contexts Apply basic numeracy skills in different life contexts Produce a plan for career options related to Electrical & Electronic Assembler (Helper) | | | | | | |
| Duration: | Total: 170 hours | Theory: | 115hours | Practice: | 55hours | | |
| Learning Unit | Learning Outcomes | Learning Elements | Duration | Materials Required | Learning Place | | |
| LU-1: Communicate in the workplace | 1.1 Define technical terms related to succeeding on the job | Terms pertaining to basic work skillsin Electrical & Electronic Assembler (Helper) | Total 30 Theory | Examples of workplace documentation Workplace forms | Classroom Workplace | | |
| This learning unit addresses competency standard(s): FL-002 – A1/2/3* FL-005 – A3* * In absence of a national coding system for competency standards, internal training provider codes are being used | 1.2 List different types of communication | Face to face • Verbal and non verbal Written • Work instructions • Specifications • Safety sheets • Notice boards Visual • Safety signs • Hand signals Electronic • Purpose and function of electronic communication devices, such as: - Two way radio - Telephone, Facsimile - E-mail | 15 Practical 15 | Safety signage Teaching aids Flip charts Computer (preferably with internet access) | | | |

| 1.3 Demonstrate receiving and responding to information using different communication types | Effective face to face communication Appropriate communication etiquette Effective visual communication Appropriate communication etiquette Effective electronic communication Appropriate communication Appropriate communication Appropriate communication etiquette | | |
|--|---|--|--|
|--|---|--|--|

| LU-2: Complete work- related documents This learning unit addresses competency standard(s): FL-002 – A4* FL-005 – A1/2* * In absence of a national coding system for competency standards, internal training provider codes are being used | 2.1 Assess the need for accurate written directions to complete a task 2.2Fill Technical report forms in simple English for practical purposes related to the Electrical & Electronic Assembler (Helper) work environment | Interpretation of texts, key words and phrases, in work related documents, such as • Workplace forms • Job cards • Installation guides • Manufacturers' specifications Completion of work related documents • Workplace forms • Job cards • Spelling • Punctuation | Total 60 Theory 40 Practical20 | Examples of workplace documentation Workplace forms Job cards Installation guides Manufacturers' specifications Technical literature Safety signage Teaching aids Flip charts Computer (preferably with internet access) | Classroom Workplace |
|--|--|---|--|---|-------------------------|
| | 2.3 Demonstrate understanding from reading a simple text related tothe work of a Electrical & Electronic Assembler (Helper) | Purpose of text Main idea(s) of text Key words and phrases Opinion on text | | | |

| LU-3: Apply basic numeracy This learning unit addresses competency standard(s): FL-006 – A1/2/3/4/5* * In absence of a national coding system for competency standards, internal training provider codes are being used | 3.1 Identify two- and three dimensional shapes | Two or three dimensional shapes may include: • Rectangle • Triangle • Sphere • Cube • Cylinder • Pyramid • Square • Polygons • Circle • Cuboids Use correct terminology, such as: • Horizontal • Vertical • Parallel • Sides • Corners • Edges • Arc • Angles • Degrees • Length • Width • Breadth • Height • Straight • Points • Diameter • Radius | Total 50 Theory 40 Practical10 | Two- and three dimensional shapes / objects Measuring instruments, such as rulers, watches / clocks, scales, Geometry box thermometers, AVO meter, gravity meter Teaching aids Flip charts Computer (preferably with internet access) | • Classroom • Workplace |
|--|--|---|--|---|----------------------------|
|--|--|---|--|---|----------------------------|

| 3.2 Sketch in diagrammatic form simple two dimensional shapes and objects | Two or three dimensional objects may include: • Rectangle • Triangle • Sphere • Cube • Cylinder • Square • Circle | |
|--|---|--|
| 3.3 Assemble simple three- dimensional objects by following construction instructions, plans or diagrams | Simple three dimensional objects may include: • Cube • Cylinder • Pyramid • Cuboids | |
| 3.4 Identify measuring instruments used asElectrical & Electronic Assembler (Helper) | Measuring instruments for Electrical & Electronic Assembler (Helper) may include: • Rulers, including use • Watches / clocks • Scales • Thermometers • AVO meter • Gravity meter • Oscilloscope • Clamp on meter | |
| 3.5 Calculate area and volume of regular shapes and objects | Simple formulae for calculating area and volume | |

| 3.6 Demonstrate basic calculation procedures related to money and time, including whole numbers, simple fractions and decimals | Money • Addition • Subtraction • Division • Percentage • Rounding Time • Calculate time lapsed • Summation of time • Appending additional time | |
|---|--|--|
| 3.7 Demonstrate knowledge of graphs and tables | Graphs may include: Simple line and bar graphs Tables may include: Simple two and three column tables Tables used in everyday life such as timetables Collect and record data Preparation of basic data and tables | |

| | 3.8 Demonstrate use of simple formulae and algebraic expressions | Simple formulae and algebraic expressions may relate to: • Area • Perimeter • Dimensions of regular shapes | | | |
|--|---|---|--|--|-----------|
| LU-4: Develop a personal career portfolio | 4.1 Describe the purpose of developing a personal career profile | Personal development Compatible career options Sources for career information | Total 30 Theory 20 Practical10 | Teaching aids Flip charts Computer (preferably with internet access) | Classroom |
| addresses competency standard(s): FL-014 – A1/2* * In absence of a national coding system for competency standards, internal training provider | 4.2 Assess personal values, knowledge, aptitudes, skills, interest, experience, and accomplishments | Analysis of own knowledge, skills, and abilities Compatible career options Sources for career information | | | |
| codes are being used | 4.3 Identify realistic and measurable personal and professional goals | Short-term goals Long-term goals Milestones Completion date Criteria for review Time period | | | |

4. Assessment guidance

Competency-based assessment is the process of gathering evidence to confirm the candidate's ability to perform according to specified outcomes articulated in the competency standard(s).

4.1 Types of assessment

a) Sessional assessment

The goal of sessional assessment is to monitor student progress in order to provide constant feedback. This feedback can be used by the trainers to improve their teaching and by learners to improve their learning.

More specifically, sessional assessments Help learners to identify their strengths and weaknesses and Help trainers to recognise where learners are struggling and address problems immediately

Examples of sessional assessments include:

- > Observations
- Presentations
- > Activity sheets
- Oral questions

b) Summative (final) assessment

The goal of summative (final) assessment is to evaluate learning progress at the end of a training programme by comparing it against, e.g. set of competency standards.

Examples of summative assessments include:

- Direct observation of work activities
- > Written questions

4.2 Principles of assessment

When conducting assessment or developing assessment tools, trainers/assessors need to ensure that the following principles of assessment are met:

Validity

Indicates if the assessment outcome is supported by evidence. The assessment outcome is valid if the assessment methods and materials reflect the critical aspects of evidence required by the competency standards (Competency units, performance criteria, knowledge and understanding).

Reliability

Indicates the level of consistency and accuracy of the assessment outcomes. The assessment is reliable if the assessment outcome will produce the same result for learners with equal competence at different times or places, regardless of the trainer or assessor conducting the assessment.

Flexibility

Indicates the opportunity for learners to discuss certain aspects of their assessment with their trainer or assessor, such as scheduling the assessment. All learners should be made aware of the purpose of assessment, the assessment criteria, the methods and tools used, and the context and proposed timing of the assessment well in advance. This can be achieved by drawing up a plan for assessment.

Fair assessment

Fair assessment does not advantage or disadvantage particular learners because of status, race, beliefs, culture and/or gender. This also means that assessment methods may need to be adjusted for learners with disabilities or cultural differences. An assessment should not place unnecessary demands on learners that may prevent them from demonstrating competence.

4.3 Assessment template – Sessional and Summative assessment

Module 1: Workplace introduction

| Learning Units | Recommended form of assessment | | |
|---|---|---|--|
| | Sessional | Summative | |
| Maintain health and safety This learning unit addresses competency standard(s): FL-001 – A1/2/3/4* FL-012 – A3* * In absence of a national coding system for competency standards, internal training provider codes are being used | Observation Activity sheets Oral and written questions Demonstration | | |
| Carry out basic maintenance This learning unit addresses competency standard(s): FL-003 – A1/2/3* FL-012 – A1/2* * In absence of a national coding system for competency standards, internal training provider codes are being used | Observation Activity sheets Oral and written questions Demonstration | Integrated assessment: Demonstration Role play Oral and written questions | |
| Demonstrate positive workplace attitude and behaviours This learning unit addresses competency standard(s): FL-007 – A1/2/3* * In absence of a national coding system for competency standards, internal training provider codes are being used | Observation Activity sheets Oral and written questions Demonstration | | |

Module 2: Workplace communication

| Learning Units | Recommended form of assessment | | |
|--|---|---|--|
| | Sessional | Summative | |
| Communicate in the workplace This learning unit addresses competency standard(s): FL-002 – A1/2/3* FL-005 – A3* | Observation Activity sheets Role play Oral and written questions | | |
| * In absence of a national coding system for competency standards, internal training provider codes are being used | | | |
| Complete work-related documents This learning unit addresses competency standard(s): FL-002 – A4* FL-005 – A1/2* * In absence of a national coding system for competency standards, internal training provider codes are being used | Observation Activity sheets Role play Oral and written questions | Integrated assessment: Demonstration | |
| Apply basic numeracy This learning unit addresses competency standard(s): FL-006 – A1/2/3/4/5* | Observation Activity sheets Role play Oral and written questions | Role play Oral and written questions | |
| * In absence of a national coding system for competency standards, internal training provider codes are being used | | | |
| Develop a personal career portfolio | Oral and written questions | | |
| This learning unit addresses competency standard(s): FL-017 – A1/2* | | | |
| * In absence of a national coding system for competency standards, internal training provider codes are being used | | | |

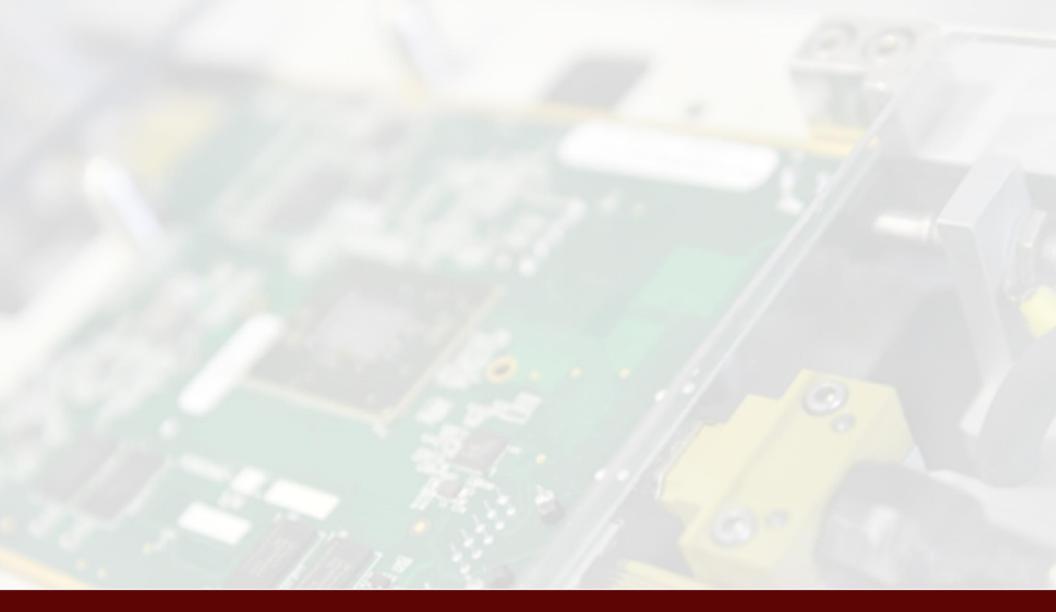
5. List of Tools, Machinery & Equipment

| Occu | Occupational title Electrical & Electronic Assembler (Helper) – Lev | | vel 1 | |
|-------------------|---|---|-------------|--|
| Duration 3 months | | | | |
| Sr. No. | | Name of Item/ Equipment / Tools | Quantity | |
| 1. | Fire extinguisher | | 05 | |
| 2. | Fire blanket | | 05 | |
| 3. | Fire bucket | | 05 | |
| 4. | Personal protect | ive equipment and clothing | 25 each | |
| | (Clothing | | | |
| | Overall | | | |
| | Steel cap boots | 3 | | |
| | High visibility v | | | |
| | Jacket | | | |
| | Rubber insulat | | | |
| | Equipment | | | |
| | Safety goggles | | | |
| | Safety hat | | | |
| | • Ear muffs/plug | s) | | |
| 5. | Teaching aids (L | earning material, visual material) | As required | |
| 6. | Flip charts | | 500 | |
| 7. | Computer | | 05 | |
| 8. | Hand tools | | 25 set | |
| 9. | Tools and mater | als for cleaning, lubricating, sharpening, oiling, and insulating | 25 set | |
| 10. | Tags/Labels | | 50 sets | |

| 11. | Storage facilities | As required |
|-----|--|-------------|
| 12. | Examples of workplace documentation, Workplace forms, Job cards, Installation guides, Manufacturers' specifications, Technical literature | As required |
| 13. | Safety signage | As required |
| 14. | Geometry Box | 25 |
| 15 | Pliers | 10 |
| 16 | Nose pliers | 10 |
| 17 | Wire stripper | 10 |
| 18 | Spanner set | 02 |
| 19 | Files (Set) | 07 |
| 20 | Screw driver (flat,) | 10 |
| 21 | Screw driver (Phillips) | 10 |
| 22 | Hammer | 07 |
| 23 | Centre punch | 07 |
| 24 | Hack saw | 07 |
| 25 | Soldering gun | 07 |
| 26 | Digital multi meter | 10 |
| 27 | Digital clamp meter (AC & DC) | 10 |
| 28 | Workshop scissor | 10 |
| 29 | Workshop knife | 10 |
| 30 | Magnifier (Glass) | 07 |
| 31 | Screw driver set | 10 |

6. List of Consumable Supplies

| Oc | Occupational title Electrical & Electronic Assembler (Helper) – Level | |) – Level 1 |
|---------|---|-----------------------------|---------------|
| | Duration | 3 months | |
| Sr. No. | | Name of Consumable Supplies | Quantity |
| 1. | Notepad | | 50 |
| 2. | Ball pens | | 50 |
| 3. | Pencils | | 50 |
| 4. | Erasers | | 50 |
| 5. | Sharpeners | | 50 |
| 6. | White board marker | rs in different colours | 5 each colour |
| 7. | Stapler | | 02 |
| 8. | Paper punch | | 05 |
| 9. | Ruler | | 05 |
| 10. | Compass | | 05 |
| 11 | Lubricating Oil | | 1 Lb |
| 12 | Grease | | 1Lb |



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